

PARKER TO HAVE  
CITY RESIDENCE

Candidate Will Desert Esopus  
for a Quiet Apartment  
in New York.

## TO REMAIN UNTIL ELECTION.

Will Change His Home as Soon  
as Letter of Acceptance Is  
Printed and Keep Close  
to Headquarters.

## REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

New York, Sept. 9.—Judge Parker, the Democratic candidate for President, will come to New York immediately after his letter of acceptance is published and will remain until the election.

This is a new and radical change in the candidate's plans for the campaign. It will, of course, be said in some quarters that it means Judge Parker is going to other quarters that it merely means he is coming to New York because this is a better place for meeting prominent persons quickly. Neither statement is strictly true.

Judge Parker is certainly coming to New York, where he can have a more intimate and immediate insight into the details of the campaign, and his influence will doubtless be quickly manifested. But he is not coming to supersede any of his present numerous campaign managers.

According to the present plan the candidate will move from Esopus and take up his residence in an apartment in some quiet family hotel. Here he will be in easy touch for personal interviews, without recourse to the long distance telephone, with all persons at national and State headquarters.

Here it will also be possible for him to hold interviews with prominent men from all parts of the country, without having their coming and going chronicled in the newspapers. But he can also keep his hand on the pulse of the Democratic machine and promote harmony, whether it be between Tammany and Brooklyn or between factions in New Jersey or Wisconsin.

Friends of Judge Parker would have believed that he is being driven out of Esopus by the newspaper chroniclers. The men of the press have an office in the lodge at the gate to the grounds of Rosemount. No one can go to Esopus without passing before their eyes and being interviewed. While the visit may be a secret, some inkling is likely to leak out, and the out jump from the hotel. This will be avoided hereafter, and the Judge will keep in touch with his party without publicity.

## THREE BISHOPS ON PLATFORM.

Illinois M. E. Conference Has Distinguished Visitors.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 9.—The unusual spectacle of three bishops on the platform at the same time was witnessed at today's session of the Illinois Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The dignitaries were: Bishop McCabe, who is presiding at the conference; Bishop Frank W. Varne of Calcutta, India, and Bishop Berry, who has just been elected.

Bishop Varne delivered an address at the morning meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society, and Bishop Berry was present as a spectator.

The anniversary of the Freedmen's Aid and Church Extension societies was observed this evening, the feature of the programme being an address by Doctor W. P. Thirkield of Cincinnati on "The Negro Problem."

Many ministers and laymen are coming to the city, in addition to the delegates, most of the visitors coming to exert their influence in the matter of assignments. The assignments for the next year will be announced Monday.

## LEADING TOPICS

## TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC

## PART I.

1. Attorney Daisy D. Barbee Quits Practice to Wed.
2. Delegates Again Decline to Act. Packers Take Back Less Than 20.
3. Republicans Fear Loss of Illinois. Active Campaign Begins September 17. Train Wrecked by Miscreants.
4. Is Not Surprised at Vermont's Vote. Dun and Bradstreet's Weekly Trade Review.
5. Assaulted on a Street Car.
6. To Discontinue Sunday Music-Hall Meetings. Religious News and Announcements.
7. Editorial. Book News and Comment.
8. Postal Clerks Elect Officers. More Men for Zeiger.
9. Of Interest to Women. Ladies' Auxiliary at Barr's. Have Closed Playgrounds.

## PART II.

1. World's Fair News.
2. The Republic's Daily Racing Form Chart. Race Results and Entries.
3. Happenings in Illinois Cities and Towns.
4. The Republic "Want" Advertisements. Birth, Marriage and Death Records. New Corporations.
5. Rooms for Rent Ads.
6. Weekly Bank Clearings. Live-Stock Market.
7. Financial News. Chicago Grain Market.
8. Covered the View of Congressional Campaign. Stole \$600 From a Trunk. Roentgen Ray Society Meets. Fair Jurots Attend Banquet. Bishop Walden Is Injured.

ATTORNEY DAISY D. BARBEE  
QUITS PRACTICE TO WED

Her Last Case, a Divorce Suit at St. Charles, Completed Yesterday—Will Become the Wife of Allen Seidel, a Cleveland Manufacturer, at Christ Church Cathedral To-Day at Noon.



ATTORNEY DAISY D. BARBEE AND MR. ALLEN SEIDEL.  
Who will be married at noon to-day at Christ Church Cathedral.

When Miss Daisy D. Barbee, who for several years has been the only woman attorney in St. Louis, completed the trial of a divorce case at St. Charles yesterday, it was to give up her law practice preparatory to getting married at noon to-day at Christ Church Cathedral.

Allen Seidel, a Cleveland, O., manufacturer and owner of extensive mining interests in Colorado, is the man for whom Miss Barbee will give up her chosen profession, in which she has frequently distinguished herself for her untiring efforts before the bar to plead for her unfortunate clients, not only in the civil, but in the criminal courts, with more than average success.

The Very Reverend Carroll M. Davis, dean of the Cathedral, will perform the ceremony.

The wedding will be strictly private. A few of the immediate friends of the couple only will be present. There will be no attendants.

The bride will wear a traveling suit of blue cloth, with blue hat and plain white gloves.

John Barbee and Miss Louise Barbee, cousins of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hugo Grimm of St. Louis and Mr. and Mrs. V. E. Trunkholz of Kansas City are all who will attend.

After an informal wedding breakfast at McTague's the bride couple will take a 2 o'clock train to Cleveland, where they will arrive at 10 o'clock.

Miss Barbee has occupied a prominent position in legal circles in St. Louis for several years, and was also called upon to try cases in other cities.

She was admitted to the St. Louis bar June 1, 1896. She is a graduate of the St. Louis Law School, and was the second woman to be graduated from the institution.

Miss Phoebe Cousins was the first. Miss Cousins was graduated the year Miss Barbee was born.

Miss Barbee is a native of Athens, Kas. Her father, Emmett E. Barbee, was a Kentuckian. Before going to Athens he resided in Missouri and finally located in the State of Washington, where he died. He was a railroad man and also engaged in farming.

Miss Barbee arrived in St. Louis from Washington ten years ago yesterday. She had not been in St. Louis before. She came here to study law and did not know a person in the city.

DILIGENT LAW STUDENT.

She entered the St. Louis Law School and read law with such diligence that before a year she passed an examination at the Courthouse and was admitted to the bar. She displayed a greater knowledge of law than others in the class who had been reading for two or three years.

Notwithstanding her admission to the

BELIEVE MAN  
WAS DRUGGED

Visitor From Oxford, Miss.,  
Found Wandering About  
East St. Louis Deranged  
—Had \$100.

H. Hightower of Oxford, Miss., who, with his wife and daughter, are attending the World's Fair, and who are staying at the N. T. Moore, a friend, at No. 233 Washington avenue met with a peculiar experience yesterday morning.

Mr. Hightower left his stopping place with \$100 in his possession, with the intention of transacting business at the National Stock Yards in East St. Louis. He arrived as far as East St. Louis, and was physically safe, but mentally deranged.

He was found by the police wandering about the streets in a semiconscious condition, and taken to the station, where he was unable to reveal his identity or residence. From there he was taken to St. Luke's Hospital, where he remained until late last night.

His family became anxious because of his prolonged absence, and notified the St. Louis police, who finally located him at the hospital. He was returned to his family, the \$100 still being in his possession.

It is supposed that he was drugged for the purpose of relieving him of his roll.

Fined for Slandering Sheriff.

Nicholas Ludwig was fined \$5 and costs in Justice Buerman's court in Valley Park yesterday on a charge of criminal slander. He failed to pay the fine and was taken to jail in Clayton. Ludwig was arrested at the instance of Sheriff Edmund C. Hencken of St. Louis County, who objected to a statement he is alleged to have made to the effect that that official was getting a rakeoff from the gambling gamblers at Creve Coeur Lake. He pleaded guilty to the charge when arraigned for trial.

YOUNG COUPLE  
WED AT MIDNIGHT

Romance Begun Between Doctor  
W. A. Wainwright and Miss  
Ellen Robertson While at  
College Ends at Clayton.

When Doctor W. A. Wainwright of Winchester, Ill., and Miss Ellen Robertson of No. 123 East Olive street, a nurse at the St. Johns Hospital, were married at the residence of the Reverend James Shultz of Dayton, O., last Thursday, at midnight, a romance extending over several years was culminated.

Doctor and Mrs. Wainwright have known each other since they were at college in St. Louis. He was a student of the Marion-Sims College, and she was a student in the Rebecca Training School in 1903. They have been engaged since last September and their marriage was set for this fall.

Doctor Wainwright came to St. Louis Thursday. His visit was one of sight-seeing at the World's Fair, but after calling upon Miss Robertson Thursday night he decided that he could not put the wedding off longer, so he asked her to go with him to Clayton and be married.

To this Miss Robertson consented, and the young couple took a car to that place. It was some time after 11 o'clock when they arrived at Clayton, but, with the help of a resident of that town, they found the home of the Reverend James Shultz, who is the pastor of the Methodist Church at Clayton, and were married.

Only two witnesses were present, Mrs. Shultz, and the man who had guided them to the minister's house. After the marriage ceremony the couple returned to Mrs. Wainwright's home in St. Louis.

Doctor Wainwright is 22 years old, and is the son of W. F. Wainwright, ex-Mayor of Winchester. He is a dentist.

Mrs. Wainwright is the daughter of the late James Robertson of Ashland, Mo.

BULLFIGHTERS  
ARE ENJOINED

Attorney General Crow Obtains  
Restraining Order in Clay-  
ton Circuit Court.

## DESMOND FURNISHES NAMES.

Senator Matthews, Counsel for  
Defendants, Says He Will File  
Motion to Dissolve Injunction  
This Morning.

Attorney General Crow yesterday obtained from Judge John W. McElhinney of the Clayton Circuit Court an injunction against the promoters of the bullfight in St. Louis County, on the ground that it is a public nuisance.

No performance was given last night, but the management announces a fight for tomorrow.

The defendants named in the petition are Dennis Carty, John Cornelius, Fred Eason, Hugo Eason, Phil Robert, Louis Capone, J. H. Eason, Jose Balister, Antonio Abonzo, Manuel Pauris and the Benedict family, Company.

The restraining writs were made returnable to the January term of the St. Louis County Circuit Court. This General Crow maintains, will have the effect of stopping the exhibition until the trial of the case on its merits next January. "I gave the county officials an opportunity to act," he said.

Judge McElhinney does not take with the position taken by the Attorney General, and asked him when he would be prepared to appear in the event of the respondents filing a motion to dissolve the temporary restraining order. He replied that he would be ready to appear at any time.

The names of the defendants were furnished to General Crow by Chief Desmond, who detailed Detective John J. Murphy and Special Officer A. J. Roach on the case Thursday night.

In his petition the Attorney General alleged that there had been bull fighting and baiting in the county September 4, 5, 6 and 8, and that the promoters had publicly, boldly and defiantly proclaimed to the world that other fights would be held. He alleged to do so would endanger the lives of the participants, bring together lawless, violent, turbulent and dangerous assemblages, endanger the morals of the community and create a public nuisance. The State, he declared, had no adequate remedy at law.

Senator R. L. Matthews, attorney for the defendants, stated last night that a motion to dissolve the injunction would be filed this morning, and that the matter would be taken up to-day if the Attorney General would agree to it.

CROW SAYS JEFFRIES  
WILL NOT TAKE CHARGE.

It was reported in Clayton yesterday that Sam B. Jeffries, Assistant Attorney General, would take charge of the special St. Louis County Grand Jury next Monday.

General Crow denied the report, however. How the rumor started, no one seemed able to tell, as no complaints, as far as known, have been made that Prosecuting Attorney Johnston or his assistant, A. E. L. Gardner, have not been conducting the special inquiry in a satisfactory manner.

General Crow maintains that he has authority to take charge of any jury in any county in the State by virtue of his office. It is said, however, that the privilege depends entirely upon the attitude of the jury, who are authorized to exclude either the Prosecuting Attorney or any of his superior officers, if they see fit.

General Crow contends that his grand jury has already borne fruit, and that grand jury at Creve Coeur Lake has been stopped.

General Crow yesterday stated that he was of the opinion that sufficient pressure had been brought to bear upon the authorities of St. Louis County, who have it in their power to enforce the laws of the State, to cause them to see to it that there would be no further violation of the statutes in any particular.

"I have advised Sheriff Hencken," said General Crow, "that if his province and duty to swear into the service of the county as many special deputies as may be necessary to preserve peace and good order. It was agreed to-day between the sheriff and myself that twenty St. Louis County citizens, of known integrity, should be deputized at once, and they will be to guard the county against further violations of the laws. Sheriff Hencken promised that these deputies would be sworn in at the earliest possible moment, and this afternoon should have seen the beginning, at least, of this work."

"There is no excuse for such transactions as have been reported from St. Louis County in the last several weeks. In the particular instance of the bullfight, a stigma has been cast upon the name of the State of Missouri which must be blotted out. As far as I am concerned, I am determined that every means of ending this lawlessness shall be exhausted before it shall be allowed to continue."

"It must be stopped even if the most drastic measures must be resorted to and the authorities of the State are resolved and determined that the county officials shall perform their legal and moral duties."

Attorney General Crow conferred with city officials yesterday and with officials of the police and detective departments.

It is said that statements from the latter convinced him that there is within St. Louis County an aggregation of the most dangerous criminals of the country, who are daily plotting their violations. It was also said that it was possible that members of the Metropolitan Police of St. Louis might be detailed to assist in ending the reign of vice across the county line. Neither Attorney General Crow nor St. Louis city officials confirmed these reports.

Defense County Officers.

In a three-column article published yesterday, entitled "St. Louis County's Defense," the Watchman-Advocate offers \$200 reward to anyone who can point out any corruption in the Clayton Courthouse, and declares Governor Dockery and General Crow are actuated by political motives because the county officials are Republicans. The paper is owned by Fred Eason.

JAPS ABANDON ATTEMPT  
TO HEAD OFF KUROPATKIN

Russian Forces Arrive Safely at Mukden After Frightful Experiences in Floundering Through the Mud—Outposts of the Two Armies Are Still in Contact, but Are Not Even Exchanging Shots—Military Experts Differ as to Where Next Battle Will Be Fought.

## RUSSIAN CONSOLS DROP TO LOWEST POINT YET REACHED.

SPECIAL BY CABLE TO THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC AND THE NEW YORK HERALD. St. Petersburg, Sept. 9.—Copyright, 1904. All Rights Reserved.—Owing to the immediate probability of needing troops for the defense of Vladivostok, it transpires that General Ljapunov cannot send the superior forces called for by General Kuropatkin. This and other uncomfortable reports flow through the press to-day, with the effect that consols are down to 31, the lowest point reached yet.

Business men fully realize that the war is to be very prolonged, while hostilities even now are seriously affecting trade. An instance is the Nippon-Nagasaki fair, always reckoned a sure barometer. It showed a 25-per-cent reduction in the volume of business, while of warehouse imports is the announcement that not less than a million rubles (\$160,000) worth of this fall due have been protested.

The story of the inability of merchants to meet their obligations going to Vladivostok was spread widely over the country, and another issue of \$20,000,000 notes is announced.

ABANDON ATTEMPT TO CUT OFF KUROPATKIN.

It seems to be definitely established that Field Marshal Oyama's third corps abandoned on Wednesday the attempt to head off General Kuropatkin, whose army has arrived safely at Mukden after frightful experiences in floundering through mud and mire over the Mandchurian rail.

Some descriptions of the scenes along the line of retreat are almost incredible. They tell how the men lay down in the mud and slept in the morning rain.

It is evident that the last determined effort of the Japanese to bring Kuropatkin to bay was made on Tuesday, but the Russian Commander-in-Chief faced about and two corps with artillery beat off the Japanese, who were in hot pursuit of the troops confined the march to Mukden.

After that the Japanese could only hang on to the banks and try to shell the retreating columns from the hills.

The outposts are still in contact, but they are not even exchanging shots.

IN MISERABLE PLIGHT.

A late dispatch sent to-night from Mukden describes the miserable plight of the tentless and shelterless soldiers.

The detailed statement of the Russian losses which it is promised will be issued on Saturday is awaited with intense interest. The general expectation is that the losses will approximate 20,000, as against 30,000 for the Japanese.

The work of burying the dead was left to the Japanese, who were forced to attempt the task as a matter of self-preservation, but it was an almost impossible undertaking. The heavy rains have been disastrous to the work of cremation, on which the Japanese relied, and only shallow trench burials were possible in many cases under the circumstances. Not only is such burial one of great difficulty, but it is almost valueless from a sanitary point of view, the storms undoing it soon after it is accomplished.

The care of the wounded has taxed the hospitals to the utmost. One correspondent says that 12,000 wounded had passed through the Mukden hospitals up to Sunday, and only the most severe cases could be attended to by the nurses and surgeons. Many, therefore, had to be left to the rough but well-meant care of their comrades.

COMPARISON OF THE TWO ARMIES.

Now that the battle of Liao-Yang is history, officers of the Imperial Staff are more disposed to cast aside some of the exaggerated reports of the fighting, although they still lack specific information, making it impossible for them to speak authoritatively on many points.

General Kuropatkin's army at Liao-Yang consisted of twenty battalions of infantry, 157 squadrons of cavalry and 79 guns, approximately 108,000 bayonets, 15,000 sabers and 2,000 guns. Portions of two European corps and one Siberian corps had been left at Mukden, and many of these reserves were brought into the fight.

The size of the Japanese army has not been definitely established, but its actual fighting force is supposed to have had a superiority in numbers of from 50,000 to 60,000 men, and a considerable superiority in artillery.

One of the chief advantages possessed by Field Marshal Oyama, according to Russian experts, consisted in the greater elasticity in movement of his troops. As a result of the separation of the three respective armies of Generals Kuroki, Oku and Nodzu.

RUSSIAN FOLLOW JAPANESE TACTICS.

Kuropatkin very late also introduced the same system after a fashion when he created the eastern and the southern armies under the respective commands of General Kuropatkin and General Saroukhoff, but these armies had not been acting independently for months, while the Japanese armies had been acting separately.

On his arrival at the seat of war, Lieutenant General Biderling of the Seventeenth Army Corps, took over the command of General Kuropatkin, who, though a second and tried commander, familiar with his men, with the field of battle and with the tactics of the Japanese, had to give way to a man older in years, but possessing none of these advantages. The change in commanders at such a critical time is regarded as extremely unfortunate.

Although it is admitted that the Eastern army had to face Kuroki, who had earned a reputation as the most skilful of the Japanese leaders, the poor showing which it made in comparison with the Southern army, under Saroukhoff, perhaps not altogether unjustifiably, might be attributed to this change of commanders, and the battle might have been won if Biderling had been able to duplicate in the east the splendid stand which the Southern army made against Oku and Nodzu.

DIFFER AS TO WHERE NEXT BATTLE WILL BE FOUGHT.

Military men differ as to where the next fight is to be. Some say along the walls of Mukden, others Tien-Ling, while the Envalle is of the opinion that the next battle will be fought in the spring at Harbin.

This evening's reports go to the effect that Kuroki has tackled Count Muya-

TO-DAY'S  
PROGRAMMES  
AT THE  
WORLD'S FAIR.

## MACHINERY DAY.

## SPECIAL EVENTS.

LAST DAY OF OKLAHOMA, WOODMEN'S AND L. O. O. F. MEETINGS.

10:00—All opening exhibits in Machinery Hall at work.

10:00—Exhibition of simultaneous operation for the first time.

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